

# **BANIXIN-50**

## NSAID injection for pain, fever and inflammation control

Flunixin-based therapy for managing musculoskeletal pain, colic, respiratory disease and endotoxemia in horses, cattle and pigs





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Flunixin is a non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID), and a non-narcotic analgesic with antipyretic properties. It is used in the alleviation of inflammation and pain associated with musculoskeletal disorders and colic. In addition, it is used for the control of acute inflammation reactions associated with infectious diseases. Flunixin is also applied as adjunctive therapy in the treatment of respiratory diseases.

# BANIXIN-50

**Solution for injection** 







#### Composition

Contains per ml:

Flunixin (as flunixin meglumine)

50 ma.



#### **Indications**

Horses: Banixin-50 is indicated for the alleviation of inflammatory signs associated with musculoskeletal disorders and for the alleviation of visceral pain associated with colic.

Cattle: Banixin-50 is indicated for the control of pyrexia associated with bovine respiratory disease, endotoxemia and acute bovine mastitis. Banixin-50 is also indicated, for the control of inflammation in endotoxemia, and as an adjunct to antimicrobial therapy to reduce clinical signs of acute inflammation in cases of infectious respiratory disease.

Pigs: Banixin-50 is indicated as an adjunctive therapy in the treatment of swine respiratory diseases.



#### Withdrawal times



Do not use in horses producing milk for human consumption.



### Dosage

For intramuscular or intravenous administration.

1 ml per 45 kg body weight by intravenous injection only. Treatment may be repeated once or twice if colic recurs. In case of musculoskeletal disorders, treatment is once daily for up to 5 days according to clinical response.

Cattle:

2 ml per 45 kg body weight. Repeat if necessary at 24 h intervals for up to 3 consecutive days.

Pias:

2 ml per 45 kg body weight once by intramuscular injection

The injection volume should be limited to a maximum of 5 ml per injection site.

An appropriately graduated syringe must be used to allow accurate administration of the required dose volume. This is particularly important when injecting small volumes. When intramuscular injection is used, the dose should be divided between two injection sites on either side of the

In order to prevent excessive broaching of the rubber stopper, it is not recommended that the stopper is broached more than 25 times. Inject the product slowly, and apply at body temperature. Administration should be stopped immediately if signs of intolerance occur. An adequate water supply should be provided.



### **Packaging**

Bottle of 50 ml.

